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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/485,879	06/22/2000	MICHAEL GIESING	790076.401	6896	
	12/12/2001 LECTUAL PROPER	TY LAW GROUP	EXAM	INER	
701 FIFTH AVENUE SUITE 6300			GOLDBERG, JEANINE ANNE		
SEATTLE, WA	98104-7092		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
			1655 DATE MAILED: 12/12/2001	16	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Advisory Action	09/485,879	GIESING ET AL.	
navious Action	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jeanine A Goldberg	1655	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
THE REPLY FILED 29 November 2001 FAILS TO PLAC Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to av final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this applica a timely filed amendment which	ation. A proper reply to a	
	<u>:PLY</u> [check either a) or b)]		
 a)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth	date of the final rejection.	
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the context (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 C	f extension and the corresponding amo the shortened statutory period for reply the later than three months after the mail	unt of the fee. The appropriate extoriginally set in the final Office action	ension on: or
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on 29 November 2001.37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR)	Appellant's Brief must be filed v	vithin the period set forth in fine the appeal.	
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:		
(a) 🛛 they raise new issues that would require furthe	er consideration and/or search (s	see NOTE below);	
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note be	elow);		
(c) they are not deemed to place the application in issues for appeal; and/or	better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or simplifying	the
(d) M they present additional claims without canceling	ng a corresponding number of fi	nally rejected claims.	
NOTE: See Continuation Sheet.			
 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection 	on(s):		
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a se	parate, timely filed amendm	ent
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for application in condition for allowance because:	reconsideration has been consi	dered but does NOT place th	ne
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaraised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY to	o issues which were newly	
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment (explanation of how the new or amended claims wo			
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:			
Claim(s) allowed:			
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>18-37 and 40</u> .			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 38 and 39.			
8. The proposed drawing correction filed on is a	a) approved or b) disapp	roved by the Examiner.	
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemen	it(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	·	
10. ☐ Other:			

Advisory Action

Part of Paper No. 16

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-303 (Rev. 04-01)

Continuation Sheet (PTO-303)

Continuation of 2. NOTE:





Application No. 09/485,879

First, Applicant's amendment filed November 29, 2001 presents 28 new claims and only cancels 5 claims.

Further, Claims 41-43 which resemble Claims 18-20, contain limitations which are directed to dividing a plurality of cells into two fractions for analysis. The claims have also added a final process step which limits the detection of decrease risk which were not previously examined.

Moreover, Claims 44-45 are directed to organotypical genes and markers which were not part of the previously searched limitations.

Additionally, Claims 53-54 are directed to performing anticancer therapy prior to and following the steps of 41-43. The claims drawn to determining anticancer therapy were with drawn from consideration. These claims are directed to a different method which has different method steps, objectives and reagents. Thus, the limitations have not bee previously searched and would require additional searches.

Claim 58 is drawn to contain limitations which were previously not presented such as organotypical genes and fractions of cells.

Claim 62 has been added which claims the determination of an ability to metastasize, which was not previously presented.

Applicant traverses the restriction to the originally presented invention arguing that it would not be an undue burden to rejoin the claims. This argument has been reviewed but is not convincing because the claims require anticancer therapy treatment. The searches are not co-extensive and are distinct for the reasons of record.

The response's arguments are directed to the newly amended claims. Applicant's argue, "that Schmitz et al. do not teach or suggest all limitations of the presently claimed invention, i.e., the claims submitted herewith by amendment are clearly distinguishable over Schmitz", "the present invention according to the amendment submitted herewith". Thus, since these claims have not been entered, the arguments are moot. However, applicant's appear to be arguing in the Schmitz rejection of the new claims that Schmitz fails to teach detecting at least one cancer-specific or cancer associated nucleic acid in a sample before cancer cells are removed from the sample and detecting a second, different cancer-specific or cancer associated nucleic acid in a sample after enrichment. Upon reviewing the claims, Claim 41 does not appear to require such a limitation. The claim discusses dividing a sample into two fractions, wherein the fractions comprise cells and the second fraction comprises at least one cell removed from said body fluid according to a method for removing cells. This does not suggest that the first fraction is assayed prior to an enrichment or cancer cell isolation step, nor does the recitation that the second fraction has been enriched. A method for removing cancer cells includes centrifugation which would pellet all cells.

However, with respect to the 102 (e) rejection, the examiner notes, that the priority date of the DE document is August 25, 1997 rather than 1998 as previously set forth. With respect to the Rimm rejection, since applicant's have not provided a translation of this document, they may not rely on the document for priority. Applicant cannot rely upon the foreign priority papers to overcome this rejection because a translation of said papers has not been made of record in accordance with 37 CFR 1.55. See MPEP § 201.15. Thus, the Rimm document is prior art until applicant's provide a translation.

W. Gary Jones Supervisory Patent Examiner

Technology Center 1600